

EXHIBIT 1

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA**

FAIR ISAAC CORPORATION, a) Case No. 16-cv-1054(WMW/TNL)
Delaware corporation,)
)
Plaintiff,)
)
v.) **AMENDED COMPLAINT**
)
) **Jury Trial Demanded**
FEDERAL INSURANCE COMPANY,)
an Indiana corporation,)
)
Defendant.)

Plaintiff Fair Isaac Corporation (“FICO”) states the following against Defendant Federal Insurance Company (“Federal”).

NATURE OF ACTION

1. This is an action for breach of contract and copyright infringement related to business software owned by FICO and licensed to Chubb & Son, a division of Federal Insurance Company (“Chubb & Son”).

THE PARTIES

2. FICO is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware with its principal place of business in San Jose, California.

3. Federal is a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Indiana with its principal place of business at 15 Mountain View Road, Warren, NJ 07059. Chubb & Son is an unincorporated division of Federal.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 & 1338(a) and supplemental jurisdiction over related state law claims under 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).

5. This Court also has subject matter jurisdiction over this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1332 because it is an action between citizens of different states and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs.

6. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Federal, which does business in the State of Minnesota and is an insurance company licensed by the Minnesota Department of Commerce.

7. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391. Federal resides in this District within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. § 1391(c) because it is subject to personal jurisdiction here.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

8. FICO is a world leader in the design and development of predictive analytics and decision management software. It provides products and services that enable businesses to automate, improve, and connect decisions to enhance business performance. FICO's decision management software tools are used by businesses to build their own tailored decision management applications.

9. One of FICO's decision management software tools is the FICO® Blaze Advisor® business rules management system ("FICO Blaze Advisor"), which is used to design, develop, execute, and maintain rules-based business applications.

10. FICO maintains federal copyright registrations for multiple versions of FICO Blaze Advisor:

Blaze Advisor ® Version Number	Copyright Registration Number
3.0	TX0006301747
4.0	TX0006301748
5.0	TX0006301746
6.0	TX0006301745
6.5	TX0006595049
6.5.5	TX0007622453
6.6	TX0007622554
6.7	TX0007622555
6.8.1	TX0007622557
6.9	TX0007622556
7.0	TX0007504713
7.2	TX0007776962

Copies of the Certificates of Registration are part of the Court Record and are incorporated by reference. *See* [Doc. 1-1].

11. Chubb & Son as a division of Federal is an insurance manager for certain United States insurance companies.

12. FICO and Chubb & Son, a division of Federal, entered into a Software License and Maintenance Agreement, which they amended twice. The original agreement had an effective date of June 30, 2006. The first amendment had an effective date of August 1, 2006. The second amendment had an effective date of December 28, 2006. Copies of the original agreement and the two amendments, with pricing redacted, (collectively, the “Agreement”) are part of the Court Record and are incorporated by reference. *See* [Doc. 1-2].

13. Under the Agreement, Chubb & Son is the Client. The Agreement grants Chubb & Son a perpetual, non-exclusive, non-transferable, limited license to use FICO Blaze Advisor products and related maintenance services (collectively, the “FICO Products”) for internal business purposes under defined terms and conditions.

Breach of the non-assignment provision, paragraph 10.8 of the Agreement

14. Prior to January 15, 2016, Federal’s parent corporation was Chubb Corporation. Effective as of January 15, 2016, in accordance with the terms of an agreement and plan of

merger among Chubb Corporation, Ace Limited, and a merger entity, Chubb Corporation merged with and into ACE INA Holdings, Inc., with ACE INA Holdings, Inc. surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of Chubb Ltd. (ACE Limited before the merger). As a result, Federal's former parent corporation ceased to exist, and Federal is now a subsidiary of ACE INA Holdings, Inc.

15. Paragraph 10.8 of the Agreement prohibits the assignment or transfer of the Agreement without the prior written consent of the other party. Under the Agreement, change of control, merger, and acquisition are deemed to be an assignment or transfer. In addition, the Agreement expressly prohibits any expanded use of the FICO Products as a result of assignments or transfers unless FICO first gives its written consent.

16. The merger, described generally above, resulted in an acquisition of and a change in control of Federal. Federal, through its division Chubb & Son, continues to use the FICO Products despite the fact it has not received FICO's written consent. Federal breached the non-assignment provision of the Agreement.

17. Paragraph 9.2(a) of the Agreement entitled FICO to terminate the Agreement within 30 days of Federal's receipt of written notice of a material breach, in the event it failed to cure as demanded.

18. On January 27, 2016, FICO provided written notice to Federal that it was in breach of the non-assignment provision of paragraph 10.8 of the Agreement.

19. On March 30, 2016, after Federal refused to cure the breach, FICO gave written notice that the Agreement would be terminated effective March 31, 2016, as allowed by paragraph 9.2 of the Agreement.

20. On March 31, 2016, the Agreement terminated.

21. Expanded use of the FICO Products following the merger, in breach of paragraph 10.8 of the Agreement, has caused FICO to lose licensing revenues.

Breach of the prohibition against disclosing FICO Products to third parties or permitting use of or access to FICO Products by third parties, paragraph 3.1 of the license granted by the Agreement

22. Federal or its division Chubb & Son has disclosed the FICO Products to third parties, including at least third parties located in the United Kingdom, Canada, and Australia, and has permitted these third parties access to and use of the FICO Products.

23. Paragraph 3.1 of the license granted by the Agreement, entitled “License Restrictions,” restricts Chubb & Son’s use of the FICO Products to its internal business operations and the internal business operations of its Affiliates, if any, within the scope of the license. “Affiliates” is defined in Amendment Two to mean “any other entity directly or indirectly controlled by Client [Chubb & Son], where ‘control’ means ownership of more than 50% of the aggregate of all voting interests ... in the entity.”

24. The third-party entities to which Federal or its division Chubb & Son has disclosed the FICO Products and which it has permitted access to and use of the FICO Products are not “Affiliates” of Chubb & Son within the meaning of the license granted by the Agreement.

25. Federal breached the license granted by the Agreement by the disclosure of the FICO Products to third parties and by permitting them access to and use of the FICO Products.

26. Paragraph 9.2(c) of the Agreement entitled FICO to terminate the Agreement immediately, without prior notice or a cure period, in the event of breach of any terms of the license granted in the Agreement.

27. The disclosure of the FICO Products to third parties and permitting them access to and use of the FICO Products entitled FICO to terminate the Agreement without prior notice or a cure period.

28. Federal's breach of paragraph 3.1 of the license granted by the Agreement has caused FICO to lose the licensing revenues that third parties should have paid to use the FICO Products.

Breach of post-termination obligations, paragraph 9.3 of the Agreement

29. Under paragraph 9.3 of the Agreement, Chubb & Son is obligated to immediately cease use of all FICO Products and related documentation, including all intellectual property arising from or relating to the FICO Products and related documentation. Chubb & Son is also obligated to remove all copies of the FICO Products and related documentation from its computers and systems and either destroy or return all copies of the FICO Products, related documentation, and any other FICO intellectual property in its possession to FICO.

30. Chubb & Son continues to use the FICO Products. It has neither removed all copies of the FICO Products from its computers and systems, nor destroyed or returned all copies of the FICO Products.

31. Chubb & Son has not certified its removal of the FICO Products from its computers and systems and its continued use of the FICO Products following termination constitute further violations of the Agreement.

32. Federal's unauthorized post-termination use of the FICO Products through its division Chubb & Son, in breach of paragraph 9.3 of the Agreement, has deprived FICO of licensing revenues.

COUNT I: Breach of License Agreement

33. Paragraphs 1 through 32 are incorporated by reference and made a part of this Count.

34. Federal is in breach of its obligations under at least paragraphs 10.8, 3.1, and 9.3 of the Agreement.

35. As a result of Federal's breaches of the Agreement, FICO has suffered damages in an amount to be determined at trial but, in any event, exceeding \$75,000, exclusive of costs and interest.

COUNT II: Copyright Infringement (17 U.S.C. §§ 101 *et seq.*)

36. Paragraphs 1 through 35 are incorporated by reference and made a part of this Count.

37. FICO owns the FICO Products, which are the subject of valid Certificates of Copyright Registration issued by the Register of Copyrights.

38. Federal's unauthorized reproduction and distribution of the FICO Products to third parties infringes FICO's copyright interests.

39. Federal has knowingly caused, participated in, materially contributed to, induced, and derived economic benefit from the infringement of FICO's copyright interests.

40. Federal's disclosure of FICO's intellectual property to third parties has caused, and will continue to cause, irreparable harm to FICO, warranting injunctive relief under 17 U.S.C. § 502.

41. Federal's acts have caused, and will continue to cause, damage to FICO in an amount to be determined at trial. At a minimum, FICO is entitled to its actual damages or statutory damages under 17 U.S.C. § 504.

42. FICO is entitled to recover its costs and reasonable attorney's fees under 17 U.S.C. § 505.

COUNT III: Copyright Infringement (17 U.S.C. §§ 101 *et seq.*)

43. Paragraphs 1 through 42 are incorporated by reference and made a part of this Count.

44. Federal's post-termination use of the FICO Products constitutes an unauthorized reproduction of registered works.

45. Federal's post-termination use of the FICO Products infringes FICO's copyright interests.

46. Federal has knowingly caused, participated in, materially contributed to, induced, and derived economic benefit from the infringement of FICO's copyright interests.

47. Federal's acts have caused, and will continue to cause, damage to FICO in an amount to be determined at trial. At a minimum, FICO is entitled to its actual damages or statutory damages under 17 U.S.C. § 504.

48. FICO is entitled to recover its costs and reasonable attorney's fees under 17 U.S.C. § 505.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, FICO requests judgment as follows:

- a. That Federal has breached the Agreement, causing damages to FICO in an amount to be determined at trial, but in excess of \$75,000, exclusive of costs and interest;
- b. That Federal has infringed FICO's copyrights in the FICO Products, causing damage to FICO, and awarding FICO damages under 17 U.S.C. § 504 of either its

actual damages and all profits derived by Federal as a result of its copyright infringement, or statutory damages, at its election;

- c. That Federal has infringed FICO's copyrights in the FICO Products, causing irreparable damage to FICO, and granting preliminary and permanent injunctive relief under 17 U.S.C. § 502, enjoining Federal from directly or indirectly infringing FICO's copyrights in the FICO Products;
- d. An Order awarding FICO its costs and reasonable attorney's fees under 17 U.S.C. § 505; and
- e. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and equitable.

Dated: January _____, 2017

MERCHANT & GOULD, P.C.

Allen Hinderaker, MN Bar # 45787
Michael A. Erbele, MN Bar # 393635
MERCHANT & GOULD P.C.
3200 IDS Center
80 South Eighth Street
Minneapolis, MN 55402-2215
Tel: (612) 332-5300
Fax: (612) 332-9081

John T. Winemiller*, TN Bar # 21084
9719 Cogdill Road, Suite 101
Knoxville, TN 37932-3322
Tel: (865) 380-5960
Fax: (865) 380-5999
jwinemiller@merchantgould.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff FICO

*Admitted pro hac vice